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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/971,812	10/05/2001	Timothy W. Clark	4487.26.0 4568		
22859	7590 10/05/2004		EXAMINER		
	TUAL PROPERTY G	BERKO, RETFORD O			
	N & BYRON, P.A. SIXTH STREET	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
SUITE 4000		1615			
MINNEAPO	LIS, MN 55402	DATE MAILED: 10/05/2004			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/971,81	2	CLARK ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		Retford B		1615				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communi or Reply	cation appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	iress			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30 period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months are digital patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no eve unication. )) days, a reply within the statu tutory period will apply and wi will, by statute, cause the appl	ent, however, may a reply be tim story minimum of thirty (30) days Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS from i ication to become ABANDONEI	ely filed : will be considered timely, the mailing date of this cor O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	mmunication.			
Status				•				
1)[\]	Responsive to communication(s) file	d on <u>05 April 2004</u> .						
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊡ This action is n	on-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims		·					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□								
Applicat	ion Papers			•				
9)	The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.						
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority  2. Certified copies of the priority  3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the Internation  See the attached detailed Office action	documents have bee documents have bee of the priority docume nal Bureau (PCT Rul	n received. n received in Application ents have been receive e 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National S	Stage			
Attachmer	nt(s)							
1) Notice	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary					
3) 🔲 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or er No(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application (PTO	l-152) 			

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

Acknowledgement: Applicant's amendment filed April 5, 2004 is acknowledged.

### **Status of Claims**

- 1. The status of the claims is as follows:
  - Claims 1-5, 7-18, 20-25, 28-32 are pending following the amendment. No new claims were added.
  - Claims 6, 19, 26 and 27 are cancelled by applicant's amendment.
- 2. The text of those sections of title 35 U.S.C. not included in this in this action can be found in a prior Office Action.
- 3. This Office Action contains New Grounds of Rejections. However, applicant's amendment in the claims necessitated a new search.

## Rejections Withdrawn

- 4. The rejection of claims 1-14 and claim 22 under 35 U.S.C. 102 (b) as anticipated by Glabe et al (US 4, 161, 543) is withdrawn in view of applicant's arguments and amendments to the claims.
- 5. The rejection of claims 1-14 and claim 22under 35 U.S.C. 102 (b) as being anticipated by Glabe et al (US 4, 196, 194) is withdrawn in view of applicant's arguments and amendments to the claims.
- 6. The rejection of claims 1-14 and claim 22 under 35 U.S.C. 102 (b) as being anticipated by Glabe et al (US 4, 015, 018) is withdrawn in view of applicant's arguments and amendments to the claims.

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### New Grounds of Rejections:

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-5, 7-18, 20-25, 28-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C.103(a) as being unpatentable over Glabe et al (US 4, 196, 194) in view of Tock et al (US 5, 637, 312) further in view of Glabe et al (US 3, 925, 559).

Claims1-5 are drawn to a method of increasing the intake and lactation in diary animals comprising administering feed supplement comprising a mixture of effective amounts of sodium diacetate and sugar, that the sugar (consisting of dextrose, glucose fructose or D-ribose); adding feed supplement to the mixed feed and administering feed to the animals. In the method, the weight ratio of the sodium diacetate to the other ingredients in the feed supplement is 0.2-0.7; 0.2-0.4 and the sugar comprises of a monosacchararide or dissacharide.

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According to applicant, the other claims; i.e. claim limitations in claims 7-18, 20-25, 28-32-- are drawn to the sugar in the feed; consisting of sucrose and maltose, the %/wt ranges of the ingredients are provided; that the supplement contains sodium bicarbonate or bentonite (%/wt ranges are given) and the total amount of bentonite and sodium bicarbonate in the feed supplement does not exceed 50%.

Glabe et al (Patent '194) meets applicant's claim limitations in that Patent '194 discloses an invention in which a method is described wherein dairy cattle is fed with a composition containing sodium diacetate and carbohydrates from many sources (corn silage, whey, hay). The feed supplement comprises of other ingredients in addition to the sodium bentonte and sodium diacetate (col 2, lin 5-40); provide ratios or proportions of the sodium diacetate and the other ingredients and specifically mentions, as in applicant's claims that the quantity of sodium diacetate is approximately 50% of the mixture (col 4, lin 40-55). According to Glabe, the when cattle are fed the feed supplement, there is increase in milk production in the animals (abstract, col 1, lin 20, col 2, lin 1-40 and col4, lin 45-50).

However, Patent '194 does not teach the advantages of using various amounts of diacetate in the feed in terms of aiding the enhancement of fermentation or digestion in the animals.

Tock et al (Patent '312) disclose a method of increasing milk production of dairy cows using feed composition comprising cellulose rouphage and salts, said composition shown to enhance or improve digestibility in the animals, improves weight gain and meat production (abstract, col 7, lin 13, col 8, lin 53-65 and col 17, lin 40-50). Patent '312 discloses that the composition that enhances digestion in the rumen of the diary cows comprises carbohydrates

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such as starch, soluble sugars (glucose) and 5-carbon sugars (D-ribose is a 5-carbon sugar); proteins and vitamins (col 8, lin 1-30).

Glabe et al (Patent '559) discloses the use of specific amounts of sodium diacetate in preparing the feed composition and points out that sodium diacetate in small quantities are used for increasing the taste of feed and making such feed attractive to the animals (col 2, lin 40-60 and col 3, lin 10 and col 5, lin 1-5)).

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to prepare a feed supplent composition comprising ingredients that can enhance the digestion or fermentation in dairy cows; said feed supplement comprising amounts of sodium diacetate as attractant. One or ordinary skill would expect that the feed supplement thus prepared will enhance both feeding and digestion in the dairy animals thereby increase both the weight of the animals milk as shown by the results in the prior art cited. Therefore the invention as a whole would have been prima facie obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

(a) Glabe et al (US 4, 015, 018) disclose animal feed composition containing dodium diacetate; said feed increases milk production in diary cattle (col 6, lin 10-20). The reference is pertinent beacuae it shows applicant's claims are previously disclosed. The reference is not being relied upon because the reference does not specifically provide specific sources of soluble sugars and also does not show enhancement of digestion of fermentation in the rumen of the animals.

#### Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

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THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Retford Berko** whose telephone number is 571-272-0590. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8.00 am to 5.30 pm

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, **Thurman K Page**, can be reached on 571-272-0602.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Respectfully,

THURMAN K. PAGE SUPERVISORY PATEMITEXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600

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